

MODAL VERBS (Hilfsverben)

MÜSSEN	NICHT MÜSSEN	NICHT BRAUCHEN	NICHT DÜRFEN
must have/has to	don't have to haven't got to	need not	must not not to be allowed to
I must, you must, he/she/it must, we must, you must, they must	I don't have to, you don't have to, he/she/it doesn't have to, we don't have to, you don't have to, they don't have to	I, you, he, she, it, we, you, they need not	I, you, he, she, it, we, you, they must not
I have to, you have to, he/she/it has to, we have to, you have to, they have to	I haven't got to, you haven't got to, he/she/it hasn't got to, we haven't got to, you haven't got to, they haven't got to		I'm not allowed to, you're not allowed to, he/she/it isn't allowed to, we aren't allowed to, you aren't allowed to, they aren't allowed to

Examples :

They cannot swim, so they _____ stay at home. (müssen)

Mary _____ come again. (nicht brauchen)

You _____ get up so early this morning. (nicht brauchen)

We _____ go to Frank's party tonight. (nicht dürfen)

I _____ (müssen) go now, but you _____
leave. (nicht müssen)

You _____ answer all the questions . (nicht
brauchen)

I _____ help my father in the garden. (müssen)

They _____ go to the cinema this
Saturday. (nicht dürfen)

He _____ wait for her. She is there. (nicht
müssen)

Vocabulary unit 2



German	English
vorbereiten	
Trinkgeld	
gut bezahlt	
Betrieb, Firma	
Werkzeug	
geduldig	
verdienen	
Passagier	
sicher	
Unfall	
Vorteil	
niedrig	
ehrlich	
Mitglied	
brauchen, benötigen	
notwendig, erforderlich	
Semmel	

German	English
	apprentice
	advice
	careful
	curriculum vitae
	reason
	customer
	become
	freedom
	catch
	deliver
	careful
	responsibility
	available
	pressure
	application documents
	You are welcome
	taster course

Make QUESTIONS and NEGATIONS! (no short forms!)

Ask for the underlined words!

e.g. We study maths. – Do we study maths? – We don't study maths.

Who studies maths? (We)

1. He can repair cars. – Can he ...? – He can't
What? (Cars)
2. Jack is an electrician.
3. You have got to use chemicals.
4. My brother is a waiter in a café.
5. You have to go.

6. Steel workers build skyscrapers.
7. They must work long. (Achtung bei der Verneinung!)
8. He has got a good memory.
9. She has a good memory. (!!)
10. The cycle courier delivers letters.

11. The interview is tomorrow.
12. The restaurant offers taster courses.
13. Tom is good at English.
14. One mistake can kill them.
15. She wants to work in an office.